

## **Activity: Bird Sounds**

**Objective:** By listening to tape recordings of bird sounds, students will distinguish the bird calls or songs of ten species of Iowa birds.

**Materials:** Tape recorder, record player or CD player, *A Field Guide to Bird Songs of Eastern and Central North America* cassette or CD of bird calls and songs, and word association sheets

**Background:** One of the most characteristic features of birds is the sound that they produce. Most birds produce these sounds by passing air across membranes in their air tract, much the way humans produce sounds. However, some birds produce sounds by tapping their bill against a hollow tree (woodpeckers), by vibrating their wings against their body (ruffed grouse), or by having air pass across specially-shaped feathers (snipe). Birds use these sounds to identify and defend a territory, to attract and hold a mate, and to communicate with their young.

Birders commonly use the sounds of birds as a way to locate birds and to identify the species. Good birders routinely locate 70-80 percent of the birds they find by hearing them first. This exercise also forces students to use their hearing, a sense that they often don't use when they are outdoors.

**Procedure:** Have the students listen to the tapes and highlight the Iowa birds on the activity sheet. On a birdwatching hike, have the students try to identify birds by sound alone. The students can also listen to the bird tapes and try word associations for the calls.





## **Activity: Word Association Sheet**

Bird species	Bird call sounds like:
American robin	clear caroling short phrases, rising and falling, often prolonged notes, <u>tyeep</u> and <u>tut-tut- tut</u> or <u>cheery-up-cheerily cheery-up-cheerily</u>
American crow	a harsh <u>caw-caw</u>
Northern Cardinal	<u>cheer-o-cheer-o-what-what</u> or <u>pretty-pretty-</u> <u>pretty</u>
Blue jay	a harsh j <u>eeah</u> or <u>jay</u>
White-breasted nuthatch	a nasal <u>ank-ank-ank</u>
Gray catbird	a cat-like <u>meow</u>
Common yellowthroat	a bright, rapid <u>whichity-witchity-</u> <u>whichity-witch</u>
Northern flicker	a loud <u>wick-wick-wick-wick</u> and a squeaky <u>flick-a-flicka-a-flicka</u>
Mourning dove	a mournful <u>whoo-whoo</u> <u>whoo-whoo</u>
Barred owl	a barking call that sounds like <u>Who cooks for</u> you? <u>Who cooks for you all?</u>
Red-tailed hawk	a high-pitched squeal slurring downward <u>Keeer-r-r</u>
Rufous-sided towhee	drink your TEA!
Birds that say their name:	
Black-capped chickadee	<u>chickadee-dee-dee</u> or a clear whistled <u>fee bee</u>
Killdeer	kill-deer kill-deer
Whip-poor-will	heard at night <u>whip-poor-will</u> <u>whip-poor-will</u>
Follow Up. Try a hird song quiz or hird song tog tog tog for review	

**Follow-Up:** Try a bird song quiz or bird song tag team for review.